

Milwaukee Daily Sentinel.

Advertisement must be handwritten before 12 o'clock in the afternoon of each day, to insure insertion in the next morning's paper.

Thursday Morning, December 11.

"THE HAPPY FAMILY."—The Loco Foco in New York are divided into two factions, the "Old Hunkers" and the "Barnburners," answering to the "Softs" and "Hards" of Ohio, and the "Old" and "Young Democracy" in other States. Between these two factions, the most bitter hostility exists, the "spoils of victory" being the only principle of cohesion which has sufficient power to keep them together. Even that appears to have now lost its efficiency, and there is a hopeless prospect of a Kilbenny fight this winter between the "rival houses." In Wayne county the feud is of the bitterest kind, and at the late election each faction had its candidates in the field. Thus, of course, left the Whigs of Wayne an easy victory, and defeat seems to have exasperated the fury of the Loco Foco combatants. The Wayne Sentinel, the organ of the "Old Hunkers," thus speaks of its late political bed-fellows, the "Barnburners":

The chief priest of the disorganizers here—the Tallmudge of Wayne county—has had his day, and now stands stripped of his false colors, exposed to the just scorn of men whose confidence he has betrayed, and whose generous friendships he has repaid by treachery and ingratitude.

When patriotism shall be conceded to the leaders of the Hartford Convention, and the epithet of traitor shall cease to be associated with the name of Benedict Arnold, then and not till then will the claims of the leaders of the late hoisters' Convention at Lyons to "radical democracy" be recognized by true democrats."

To this tirade, the Lyons Argus, in behalf of the "Barnburners," replies as follows:

We have every reason to suppose, from the reckless conduct of the Sentinel clique, in vilifying and traducing the character of private citizens—in employing scoundrels and BASE LIES to injure them in the estimation of the Democratic party; and in persisting in such lies, knowing them to be false—that they will adhere to the original design, either to RULE OR RUIN. Beware, however, ye sympathetic tools of ambitious aspirants for place, that you do not pull yourselves down in the general destruction! Remember that there is a power greater than you, which will hold you to a strict accountability; and which will severely punish the innumerable offences against the cause of justice and right, which has blackened your characters in the opinion of all good men."

The same pleasant state of feeling prevails at Albany, between the Argus and Atlas, and, as Rumor has it, is rapidly developing itself at Washington. The public may be curious to know what great principle, or important measure, is in issue between the contending factions, that they should abuse each other so vehemently. We believe that the only question in dispute is, who shall enjoy the honors and emoluments of office. The "spoils of victory" have become the "apple of discord." Like a band of pirates after a successful cruise, the several factions which rallied under the Folk and Texas flag last year, are now quarrelling over their booty, and are about to come to blows in order to settle the question of ownership. We hope they may have a pleasant time of it!

THE MILWAUKEE COURIER.—We remember to have seen in this print, some three weeks since, during the progress of a violent controversy with its yoke-fellow, the Madison Argus, a very earnest protest against personalists. We supposed at the time that the editor meant what he said when he expressed his strong dislike of this species of "argument," and we gave him credit accordingly. But we are now forced to conclude that this horror of personalists was mere affectation, and only assumed as an excuse for declining to answer charges made by the Argus which the editor of the Courier could neither deny nor disprove. We are impelled to this belief by the fact that the name of the editor of the Sentinel has been frequently paraded, of late, in the columns of the Courier, with such epithets as the small spite, or smaller wit of the Courier editor supplied. Thus in yesterday's paper occurs the following: "It is painful to any editor having a grain of self-respect, to have a contemporary like Gen. King, who is constantly guilty of the petty meanness of misrepresentation and lying." Now if we have been "guilty" of the crimes laid to our charge, we have erred, so far as the Courier editor is concerned, unwittingly; for we really did not suppose that he had "a grain of self-respect." Remembering, as we do, how like a lame deck he waddled out of his recent controversy with the Madison Argus, and knowing how cheap he holds himself in the political market, and how generally his friends concur with him in the correctness of this valuation, we look upon "self-respect," in this case, as a sort of "legal fiction." As to the charge itself which the Courier brings against us and the evidence upon which the imputation is based, a very few words are necessary.

The Courier and its Washington correspondent, between them, stated that the Whigs of Georgia had "repudiated" the Hon. J. M. Berrien, and that he had "resigned in disgust." We replied that instead of repudiating, the Whigs of Georgia had unanimously nominated Mr. B. as his own successor. The Courier of yesterday, returning to its work of falsification, asserts that in an informal ballot among the Whig members of the Georgia Legislature, Mr. Berrien was a minority; that thereupon he resigned, but that subsequently the Whigs once more returned to Judge Berrien, "whom they had repudiated and disgraced to him, who, in a moment of dignified resentment, threw up the fragment of the office which he held, and who, driven out from their party by the ostracism of the caucus, threatened to divide its ranks," and re-elected him to the fragment of the office from which he had retired but a few days before in disgust with his party."

Now it is true that at the caucus referred to by the Courier Judge Doughty received a majority of the votes cast, and that Judge Berrien therupon tendered his resignation; but it is also true that when the day came for making choice of a successor Judge B. received the unanimous Whig vote, and subsequently, at a meeting of the Whig members, the following significant endorsement:

Resolved, unanimously, That the Whig members of the General Assembly in the election of the Hon. J. M. McPauson Barnard, to supply the vacancy in the U. S. Senate, occasioned by his own resignation, have emphatically signified the unabated confidence of the Whig party of Georgia in his principles and patriotism, and that we are gratified at his acceptance of the appointment.

The reader will judge from this how much "repudiation" there was on the part of the Whig party of Georgia, and how much "disgust" there was on the part of Congress, who, having been "driven out" of the House of Representatives, are now devolving in such considerable numbers, that we think it probable that at this moment one-half of the whole body of the House of Representatives is already in this city.

FIRE!—On Tuesday evening about 9 o'clock a fire was discovered in the rear part of the building occupied in front by Mr. D. W. Baylies, on East Water street. It was smouldering in a wooden partition, lathed and plastered on either side, and was communicated thereto by a stove, standing within a few inches of the partition. But for the high wind that then prevailed, driving the smoke through the siding of the house into the street, between this wooden building and the brick building immediately south, it is highly probable that the fire might not have been discovered until at a late hour of the night, when it would have done up its mischief in its own way—no one knowing how the fire originated.

We are thus particular in speaking of this incident, because we know that there is gross carelessness, if not criminal neglect, on the part of house-holders in matters of this sort. Stoves should not be allowed to stand within two feet of wood work, or walls plastered on wood; nor should stove pipe be allowed to pass within 12 inches of the same. It is an ascertained fact that heat will penetrate mortar and ignited wood beyond it; and it is said that wooden partitions have been set on fire by stoves at a greater distance than two feet. Too much caution cannot be exercised by house-holders on this subject.

THE ALBANY CITIZEN of the 25th ult. says that the receipts of flour at tide-water on the Hudson, for the eight days ending Nov. 22d, reached the enormous amount of a quarter of a million of barrels. Adding to this the wheat, reduced to flour, which was received during the same time, and the aggregate runs up to two hundred and seventy-seven thousand, six hundred and eighty-eight barrels!

TEA.—The imports of tea into the U. States from June 30, 1844, to July 1, 1845, were very large. The tea-total is stated to have been 20,752,558 pounds; of which 13,802,093 were of Green and 6,930,489 of Black tea.

THE BALL AT THE UNITED STATES.—The Assembly at the United States Hotel on Tuesday evening, presented one of those scenes of unalloyed enjoyment only to be met with in these Western "diggings." There was a very large company assembled, embracing lots of pretty women and clever men; the music by Messrs. Heiss & Abbott was "first best." The refreshments prepared by the Landlord and Landladies of the U. S. were reasonable, abundant and admirably served; the Floor Manager was most successful in his efforts to make everything "go right along," and altogether the entertainment was complete in every part. Perhaps, as it was our "first ball" in the West, the reader may want to know if we enjoyed it. "We didn't do any thing else."

DONATION VISIT.—A notice in our paper invites the friends of the Rev. Lewis Raymond, the estimable Clergyman who has charge of the Baptist congregation in this town, to pay him a donation visit at his residence, corner of Van Buren and Oneida streets, this evening. Under the persevering and assiduous labors of Mr. Raymond, the Baptists here have grown from a small handful into a large congregation, and are now erecting a handsome and commodious edifice for Public Worship on Wisconsin street. The contemplated "visit" to night affords to them, as to members of other Christian denominations, a fitting opportunity of giving Mr. Raymond some substantial tokens of their esteem and good will.

THE MILWAUKEE THERMOMETERS seem to be getting into decidedly low habits. They were all two or three degrees below Zero again, yesterday morning. Nor is there much prospect of their improvement so long as they keep company with such a roysterer as Jack Frost.

BY THE SOUTHERN MAIL yesterday afternoon we received New York papers of two days' later date, but nothing from Buffalo. Our dates from New York are now as late as those from Buffalo; though the latter is 450 miles nearer to us.

THANKSGIVING.—We are requested to state, and take pleasure in doing so, that the stores of Messrs. SHEPARD & BONNELL and of Messrs. Holton & Goodall will be closed on Thanksgiving Day, Wednesday next. Let us hope that our merchants generally will follow this commendable example and thus keep Thanksgiving Day in Wisconsin, as it is kept in New York and New England.

THE UNION OF WEDNESDAY contains a call for a meeting of the Loco Foco Members of Congress on Saturday evening, no doubt for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Speaker.

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE MAIL.—Thanks to Messrs. Frink & Walker of Chicago, and Davis & Moore of Milwaukee, we receive a daily mail from the former place. The stages arrive at an early hour every afternoon, and if things were as well managed east of Chicago, as from there to Milwaukee, we would be greatly benefited by the arrangement. Even under the deranged condition of the mails between Buffalo and Chicago, the citizens of Milwaukee are glancing by the liberal arrangement of the mail contractors. It is but reasonable, therefore, that they should extend all the patronage in their power to a line of stages which is run daily instead of tri-weekly as a matter of public accommodation.

SNOWING.—Better sleighing has not been known in this section for years. Snow several inches deep, and roads hard and smooth. We understand that sleighing is good South to Wooster, West to Elyria, and East to Buffalo. [Cleveland Herald, Dec. 9.]

STAGE ACCIDENTS.—Passengers by the Eastern Stage to day inform us that, no less than four accidents occurred between this and Buffalo. The Stage was upset twice last night, once in the neighborhood of Conneaut and again near Ashtabula. Several passengers were somewhat injured, and two, a lady and a gentleman, so severely that they had to stop over. [Cleveland Herald.]

ARRIVAL OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—The unprecedented fineness weather for the last seventeen days has been so favorable to traveling, that the members of Congress, who have now come in sleighs are now arriving in such considerable numbers, that we think it probable that at this moment one-half of the whole body of the House of Representatives is already in this city.

[National Intelligencer.]

The Russians and Circassians.

Foreign Correspondence of the North American.

BRUSSELS, October 20, 1845.

To the Editors of the North American:

The war in the Caucasus is becoming more and more interesting in more than one respect. The Russians there meet the Tcherkassians, the noblest tribe of the race from which ourselves are descended—and they meet them there in their native strength, untainted with the vices of civilization. The Tcherkassians are a stronger race of men than the Russians—that perhaps any people of Europe. They are descended lineally from the fathers of the white man. There is probably at this moment, more true chivalry among the Tcherkassians, than among any nation in Europe. It is a base calumny to say they deliver themselves up to plunder or robbery. These are the vices of their invaders. No such base act has ever disgraced the men in whose veins flow the purest white blood known upon earth. They take nothing of the conquered or fallen foe, save his arms, as a trophy. This accords perfectly with the sentiments of the pre-heroes of old, but it is also commanded imperatively by necessity. Formerly English and Turkish vessels arrived in their ports and brought them an abundance of ammunition; at present the Russian fleet is cruising in the Black Sea and interrupting that commerce, though smugglers still manage, by covering their masts with leaves and branches of trees, and sailing close to the shore, to deceive the vigilance of the naval officers, who at a distance cannot distinguish the masts from the trees with which the coast of that sea is covered. The Caucasians are therefore obliged to obtain the greater part of their munitions of war from their enemy; their highest booty consists in powder and guns.

[Concluded to-morrow.]

To the Executive Committee of Canadian Settlers.

BOSTON, NOV. 26.—7 A. M.

A most horrid case of burying alive occurred a few weeks since in our city, and which although generally talked of, has out of respect to the friends of the deceased, been excluded from the public prints. A young lady was taken sick, and died very suddenly, as was supposed by the family and physician, and was placed in her coffin and carried to the depository of the family, and placed in the family vault. A few days afterwards, on visiting the vault, they were struck with the horrible sight of the young lady in her burial clothing, out of the coffin, and sitting up against the side of the wall—dead!

As may be supposed the discovery has plunged a family and large circle of acquaintances in deepest anguish. It was found on examining the coffin, that the lid had been forcibly pressed off by the young woman, who had actually been buried before the vital spark had fled, and who had returned to consciousness but to die the most horrible of deaths—Many may doubt this, but it is too true to be denied.

MURDER.—We are informed by a man, who buried Green on Wednesday morning, that an affray took place in that town on Friday last, which resulted in the death of a man by the name of Bostom Danewood. The particulars we gather them are these: A dispute arose between Danewood and Jesse Reed—absent and threatening language passed—Danewood raised a tomahawk and told Reed he would submit to his abuse no longer. For the moment the dispute seemed to stop—friends interceded, and all supposed the danger over. At this time, while Danewood's attention was attracted another way, Reed struck him in the side with a knife. He left to the floor, and as soon as consciousness was restored, declared himself a dead man. Reed was detained, but was soon released, so trifling that he was set at liberty. During the night, he was taken to a M. & C. inquest, and a coroner's inquest was immediately called for, which, after a careful examination of the body, gave as their verdict "That he came to his death by the hand of Jesse Reed." Reed has been taken. [Advertiser of W. T. Amer.]

From the foregoing brief synopsis of the events of last winter, it appears, that all of the unsold portions of the canal grant are pre-empted or ordered to be sold on the second Tuesday of April next, whether Congress approve the act or not.

It further appears that the validity of the act so far as regards the reduction of price to \$1.25 per acre depends upon the approval by Congress of such act, and that without such approval the settlers so far as reduction in price is concerned are not benefited by the passage of the law of last winter.

The act now contemplated, the collection at the sale in April or October, for the acre for the lands granted to the Territory, should all of such lands be purchased at such sale, also the collection of an amount equivalent to 10¢ per acre upon the lands and mortgages heretofore executed by purchasers of the 10 per cent. lands.

The gross amount thus to be collected at the sale and to be received upon the mortgages would be between one and two hundred thousand dollars, upon the supposition that all of the lands would be sold shall the sale take place. This money when collected is directed to be deposited in the Bank of America, subject to be drawn out in such manner as the Legislative Assembly should afterwards direct.

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As the matter now stands it presents several questions of vital importance to the settlers upon the grant, the most important of which are:

1st. Shall we ask Congress to approve the act of last winter.

2nd. Shall we ask the Legislature to postpone a sale and collection of the money until the definite action of Congress upon the subject.

It is undoubtedly necessary that there should be either an *en masse* meeting, or a convention of delegates called, by the Executive Committee, at an early day, at some suitable place upon the subject. By the settlers' rules and regulations, the members of the convention meetings were called by some of the Executive Committee to call the Committee together upon this subject giving the reasons which I have done as above for such call.

I have therefore requested the Executive Committee to meet at mid-morning in the town of Milwaukee on Thursday, the 16th day of December instant, at 1 o'clock P. M., to take into consideration the subject, at which meeting a full attendance of the members is respectfully requested.

CLINTON WALWORTH, One of the Executive Committee.

Milwaukee, Dec. 8, 1845.

A letter in the Richmond Whig dated at 5 o'clock, A. M. Nov. 26, states that "the centre of Colchester Court House (the village) is now occupied by names." The fire caught about four o'clock, at the Fairbank Hotel, kept by Samuel Decamp, and was spreading rapidly. The flames, however, were easily extinguished, and the building was soon put out. The fire was caused by Judge C. H. Hill's house just caught. It is to be feared that the whole of Centre Colchester C. H. will be consumed. Court House, Clerk's and several other buildings, in great danger.

Reported for the Daily Sentinel.

Proceedings of the Board of Trustees in relation to the Fire Department.

CORPORATION CLERK'S OFFICE, Milwaukee, Dec. 6, 1845.

Mr. Kilbourn presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That Lester H. Cotton be appointed Chief Engineer; Gideon P. Hewitt first Assistant Engineer, and Heinrich Hartell second Assistant Engineer, for the ensuing year; and that a committee of three be appointed to draft an Ordinance regulating the Fire Department, to be presented at our next meeting.

The ayes and nays being called for, the Trustees present voted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Murphy, Prentiss, Ward, Wells, Church, Gruebogen, Kilbourn, Kneeland, Hawkin, MacGone, Merrill, and Weeks—12.

Nays—None.

The President declared the resolution unanimous, Mr. Kilbourn having been excused from serving on the committee, the President appointed Moses Prentiss, Church and Merrill.

On motion of Mr. MacGone, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That Robert Allen, Joseph McHose, Joseph Headly, John B. Merrill and their associates, to the number of thirty men, be organized into a distinct Company, to be known as Protection Fire Company No. 4, and whose duties shall be to attend at all fires, and whose attention shall be wholly devoted to the preservation and protection of the movable property exposed to destruction.

—And that the said Robert Allen, Joseph McHose, Joseph Headly, John B. Merrill and their associates and successors, shall be entitled to all the exemptions and privileges extended to the members of other branches of the Fire Department.

Resolved, That the said Company, as soon as organized, shall report themselves to this Board.

[A true copy.] CHAS. C. SAVAGE, Clk.

Burying Alive!—Matters in Baltimore.

Correspondence of the Tribune.

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STORE TO RENT. The one now occupied by CUNNINGHAM & CO., Dry Store, will be let in a few days. Apply to WM. M. CUNNINGHAM.

HOUSE TO RENT.

Inquiries of CARY & WILLIAMS, 23rd Corner East Water and Wisconsin st.,

TO LET. The BRICK STORE, formerly occupied as Post Office. Rent cheap.

Inquire of SIDNEY L. ROOD.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A NEW HOUSE on East Water street, on the river side, about 100 feet from the corner of Wisconsin, for a Dwelling, Grocery or Bakery. RAGUE & BATTLE.

TO RENT. The Office over the Wisconsin Fire and Marine Insurance Company, consisting of two large rooms, pleasantly situated on Main and Wisconsin streets: entrance on both streets. Oct. 1st. B. HENDERSON.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR ONE YEAR OR MORE.—The HOWLING ALASKA and BILLIARD SALOON is a Northport, N. Y. establishment, recently completed—the front will answer well for a Grocery. RAGUE & BATTLE.

TO LET. Two good & well situated OFFICES in East Water street, in the front part of the houses. They have been neatly repaired and painted, and are in excellent condition. The Office as well as the Dwelling, will be let to a SCHIFFERER, a citizen of the Wisconsin Banner, above Mr. Libecker's store, nearly opposite the City Hotel, on East Water street. nov 19

CITY HOTEL. Corner East Water and Mason streets, Milwaukee.—This new and comfortable hotel will have been now open and ready for the reception and entertainment of strangers and others who may favor it with their patronage. The proprietors pledge themselves not to let any room in the house to any person or persons who may be unwarranted accumulations of this house. Stages leave this house daily for all parts of the Territory. nov 19

AMERICAN HOUSE. This large and comfortable office building has been purchased by the subscribers, and fitted up and furnished in the most superb style. The house will be under the superintendence of O. G. DURRIN, recently of the Cleveland, Ohio, firm of Durrin & Co., and will be the means of insurance to receive the patronage of all his old friends, and many new ones as he can "see up."

The Omnibus and baggage wagon will always be at the ready for baggage passengers and their baggage to the House, **FREE OF EXPENSE.** Excellent stabling for horses. nov 19

—A. ROSENTER & CO.

TRENTON HOUSE.—The

Proprietors take pleasure in announcing that this hitherto favorite public House has arisen Phoenix like, from the ruins of the late conflagration, and is re-opened in a more superb style than ever.

It is now open and that they are now prepared to receive the calls of the public, and their old friends and customers in particular, whose comfort and convenience they are warranted in giving the assurance it will be their pleasure to make.

Strangers to all parts of the Territory, arrive at and leave this House daily.

An extensive LIVERY STABLE is attached to this house, and horses and carriages may be had for any part of the country, on reasonable terms. J. F. PEASE, GIVE A CALL, AND YOU SHALL NOT REGRET IT.

—HOLMAN & JAMES.

COTTAGE INN.—By JESSE M.

Van Slyck, successor to W. Porter's Walker's Point, South Ward, Milwaukee, W. T. He has

been in the hotel business for 15 years, and has a

large and comfortable style, and furnished for the convenience of the traveling public.

J. M. S. takes this method to inform his friends, ne-

ighbors and the public generally that he has re-

turned to the hotel business, and that they are now prepared to receive the calls of the public, and their old friends and customers in particular, whose comfort and convenience they are warranted in giving the assurance it will be their pleasure to make.

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SPENSER BRIDGE AT NIAGARA FALLS.—Mr.

Charles Ellet, Jr., a celebrated engineer of

Philadelphia, has, within a few days past, in

company with Major C. B. Stuart, of Rothes-

ay, inspected the localities in the vicinity of

Niagara Falls, with a view of ascertaining the

practicability of a Suspension Bridge across

the Niagara River. There is a point about

a mile and a half below the cataract, and near

the whirlpool, where the distance from one

high bank to the other does not exceed 700 feet.

The cost of a hanging bridge at that point, of

sufficient strength to sustain a railroad

train of any weight, and made in the best and

secure manner, is estimated at \$100,000. He offers to construct such bridge for the sum, and to subscribe \$20,000 for its stock.

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NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—J. C. PAINE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Boots, Shoes & Leather, opposite the Big

Boot, East Water street, well-reputed and

known to the citizens of Milwaukee, and

from the manufacturers from Massachusetts, with an extensive and excellent assortment

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An extensive LIVERY STABLE is attached to this house, and horses and carriages may be had for any part of the country, on reasonable terms. J. F. PEASE, GIVE A CALL, AND YOU SHALL NOT REGRET IT.

—HOLMAN & JAMES.

NEW ROOT AND SHOE STORE.—

—J. C. PAINE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Boots, Shoes & Leather, opposite the Big

Boot, East Water street, well-reputed and

known to the citizens of Milwaukee, and

from the manufacturers from Massachusetts, with an extensive and excellent assortment

of BOOTS & SHOES, which he offers low as

can be bought in this city. Try me, and you will call again, without doubt.

—S. V. S. takes this method to inform his friends, ne-

ighbors and the public generally that he has re-

turned to the hotel business, and that they are now prepared to receive the calls of the public, and their old friends and customers in particular, whose comfort and convenience they are warranted in giving the assurance it will be their pleasure to make.

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